

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII., NO. 129

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1917.

Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS

AN EMBARGO ON FOOD STUFFS

PRESIDENT WILL NOT CALL AN EXTRA SESSION

It is However Expected that Much Important Legislation will be Killed by Republican Members of the Senate.

(Special to The Herald)

Washington, Feb. 23.—President Wilson remains determined not to call an extra session of congress. The present session ends in eight days and there is much important legislation that remains to be transacted. Confronted by this situation, administration officials were at their wits end trying to find means to accomplish the same before

the session ends. Unless they dislodge the legislative jam that now confronts the members of the senate, the government may be seriously handicapped by lack of funds and lack of authority, the coming year.

Republican members are in full control and can kill any measure they see fit by initiating it to death owing to the lack of time.

MONS. MILLETTE DIES SUDDENLY

Was the Oldest Catholic Clergyman in Active Service in the State.

Nashua, Feb. 23.—The Right Rev. Mons. Jean Baptiste Victor Millette, the oldest Catholic clergyman in active service in New Hampshire, and rector of one of the largest French Catholic parishes in the state, died suddenly

here today at his parochial residence, aged 75 years. Mons. Millette was born in Yamachiche, P. Q., Oct. 6, 1842. He was ordained on Feb. 21, 1866, fifty-one years ago tomorrow, at Montreal, Can. Coming to this city he founded the St. Aloysius Parish in 1871 and remained its rector until his death. He was always active in the building up of his parish and its institutions and he founded the St. Joseph hospital and St. Joseph Orphanage and parochial schools.

PUT NEW BEER ON MARKET

Hu-Lo beer is the latest brew product of the Portsmouth Brewing Co., a beverage said to contain no alcohol.

HAS PASSED THROUGH THE DANGER ZONE

American Steamship Orleans Expected to Reach Bordeaux in Few Days.

(Special to The Herald)

Bordeaux, Feb. 23.—A wireless from the American steamship Orleans says that she has passed through the danger zone and will arrive in port in a few days.

She is commanded by Captain Allen Tucker, an American citizen and seven of her crew are also Americans.

She is a vessel of 4,000 tons and sailed from New York Feb. 10.

GERMANY WILL NOT MODIFY HER DECREE

Declared That Submarine Warfare Is Winning War For Her.

(Special to The Herald)

Berlin, Feb. 23.—That Germany has no intention of modifying her submarine war decree which went into effect Feb. 1 is shown by speeches in the Reichstag yesterday and today.

It was declared that Germany by her ruthless submarine warfare is bending England to her knees, and "now it is seen it is winning the war for her."

Daily arrivals of fresh selected fruit of all kinds, at Parus Bros.' Tel. 29.

Senator Martine of New Jersey Introduced Bill Designed to Reduce the High Cost of Living, and Prohibits Export of Staple Food Stuffs

LEGISLATORS THE GUESTS OF LOCAL CITIZENS

View the Portsmouth Toll Bridge—Inspect Submarine and Points of Interest at Navy Yard—Banquet at Rockingham.

can cities, depicting the awful conditions in these cities, have aroused the congressmen to action, making them realize that some drastic measures must be taken at once to prevent the spread of further trouble which may result in ultimate revolution with the horrors of a possible civil war.

The big universal military training bill introduced several weeks ago in congress, will come up for action at the present session, it was announced today.

The bill of the army general service which has the approval of President Wilson, and Secretary of War Baker will be introduced in both houses for action this afternoon. This bill is admitted to be the biggest single factor in national defense legislation which has been proposed in the history of the country and it has the prestige of the administration backing. Officials

declined to guess at the ultimate fate of either of these bills.

Members of the New Hampshire of Commer-

senate and house of representatives to Barges were immediately taken for the number of two hundred were on Friday the guests of Senator Calvin Page, who represents the 2nd senatorial district. Many ladies accompanied the party and thoroughly enjoyed the sight seeing trip as planned.

On the arrival of the legislators at

PROPOSITIONS IN LABOR BILLS ARE VARIED

Five Different Bills Are Being Considered by Legislative Committee.

Introduced in New York Legisla-

RESOLUTION FOR CONTROL OF MARKETS

ture by Senator Callahan.

(Special to The Herald)

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Legislative leaders came to the floor today with relief from the high cost of living.

Joseph M. Callahan, minority leader of the senate introduced a resolution calling for the appropriation of \$3,000,000 for state acquisition and control of the markets at the terminals.

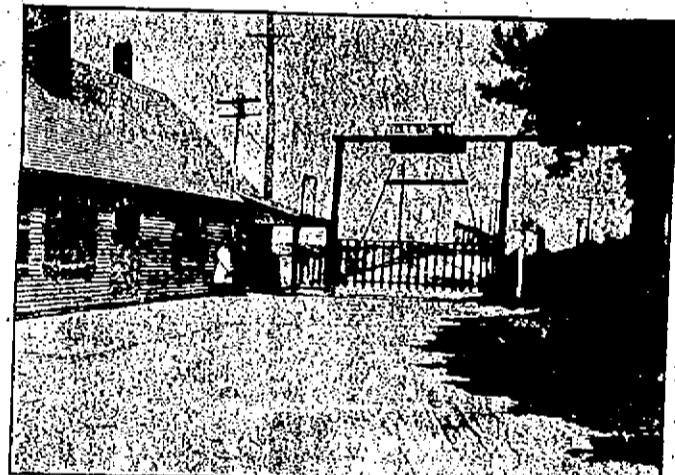
AT DEEDS

Fine large grapefruit, 3 and 4 for 25c.

Oranges, 16 for 25c.

Large Juicy California Sunkist oranges, 35c doz.

Our regular 30c chocolates for Saturday, 15c lb. 2 lbs for 25c.



MAIN GATE OF TOLL BRIDGE.

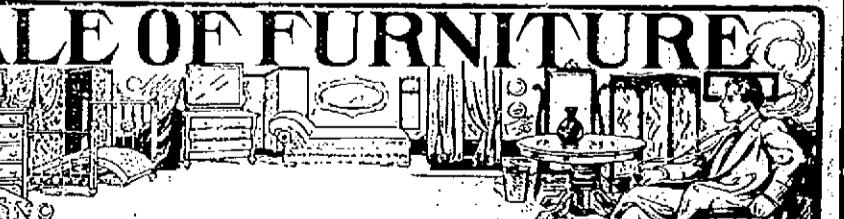
by Senator Page and the local delegation. The greater number of the party arrived on the train due from Concord and Manchester at 9:35 and were met at the railroad station by Representative John H. Bartlett and members of the local delegation and members of the Portsmouth Chamber

the yard they were met by Chief Gunner McCrary and Boatswain Martin, who had been delegated by Captain William L. Howard, the commandant to escort the visitors about the reservation. The first stop was at the

(Continued on Page Five.)



D. H. McINTOSH GREAT FEBRUARY



From February 13th to the 28th

Everything in our store marked down in spite of the high prices now prevailing. We are able to offer Furniture, Carpets and Rugs lower than ever before. This is due to the fact that we bought them before the advance, for cash, this making a great discount. Come in and look them over. D. H. McINTOSH.

MARVIN SHOWS HIS COLORS

Oliver B. Marvin of Newcastle recently sent a communication to Senator Henry F. Hollis offering to raise a machine gun company of former naval reserve men, and has received a reply from the senator in which he hopes that such action will not be necessary but that if occasion should arise he will gladly take the matter up with Mr. Marvin.

Geo. B. French Co.

MARTIAL LAW DECLARED IN NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

Munition Plot Believed at Bottom of Nine Incendiary Fires Which Broke Out Simultaneously

New Britain, Conn., Feb. 22.—New Britain is under martial law today with two companies of state guardmen patrolling its streets, following nine simultaneous fires in different parts of the city last night. Two men are under arrest on suspicion of having started the fires.

Repairs are being rushed to the electric fire alarm system, which broke down when several persons rushed to boxes and turned in simultaneous alarms as the fires began to light up the skies.

All local fire departments were still at work early today quenching smouldering embers that threatened to start all over again. Volunteer engine companies from Hartford, Bristol, Waterbury and Plainfield, however, have been sent home.

New Britain has many manufacturing plants, which have been making munitions for the entente allies. The belief was expressed that some frantic, hoping to stop their manufacture, set the fires by means of incendiary bombs, but no evidence of bombs has been found.

A tenement house, three residences, a garage, a synagogue and a business block were raked by the flames. The damage is roughly estimated at about \$50,000.

Started in Tenement

The first fire started early in the night in a tenement house, containing many families. Built of wood, it was rapidly consumed. Inhabitants poured down the single stairway in the house. Every one left safely, but Bremen took several from upper windows by means of ladders.

While they were working other

alarms began to come in and soon all apparatus was working. Police and fire departments were totally unable to cope with the situation, and appeals were sent to nearby cities for assistance.

Crowds began to march up and down the street. Mob hysteria was growing in the air and Police Chief Rawlings asked Mayor Quigley for militia. Companies I and L 1st Infantry, were called out and soon had the crowds under control.

By midnight all blazes were out and the city quiet. No further outbreaks are expected, it was said, but the troops are kept on guard as a matter of precaution.

The police believe that all of the fires with one exception were set. Ten arrests of suspects were made during the night but all except two were released after examination. The two still held are local men and will be further investigated by the police.

All of the buildings burned were business blocks with the exception of one, the synagogue of the B'nai B'rith which was only partially burned. The total loss is estimated at about \$50,000.

The most serious fire was in the block of the New Britain Real Estate & Title Company, which housed six stores. The loss there was estimated at \$30,000. So far as the police could learn, no attempts were made on any factory buildings.

The electric light, water and gas plants here have been placed under military guard by Gov. Holcomb, who has taken charge of militia operations. Investigations are proceeding with the belief that the same person who started several fires recently in Hartford is responsible for the local fires.

GERMAN POSSESSIONS NOT TO BE RETURNED

London, Feb. 22.—The death knell to Germany's colossal possessions has been sounded so far as the Entente Allies can effect the result, by the almost simultaneous announcement of the British Minister of Colonies, Mr. Long, the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Motono, and Prime Minister of New Zealand, W. M. Massey, who voiced the view of Australia as well as New Zealand.

Together these statements declare there will be no return to Germany of her colonies in Africa, Asia or the Pacific.

This attitude is not only held by Japan and the British colonies chiefly concerned, but it has the backing of the British and the French governments, which have the largest interest in Colonial Africa and Asia.

It develops the fact also that the late Asquith government was opposed to any extension of British colonial possessions in Africa whereas the new Lloyd George government approves this extension as in the line with the inspirations of the British colonies in Africa.

This in turn has established that there will be a general readjusting of African colonies so that the possession of England, France, Portugal and Belgium will be made more homogeneous. Instead of being as at present scattered and irregular in nature.

When the Allies were preparing the reply to President Wilson, Japan

pointed out that the terms entitled any reference to Kiao-Chau and the Pacific Islands conquered by Japan. France and England then gave assurance Japan's right would be safeguarded and the note was sent.

The attitude of the new British administration was announced by the new Minister of Colonies in the Lloyd George cabinet as follows:

"Let no man think that these colonies will ever return to German rule. It is impossible. Our oversea empire will not tolerate any suggestion of the kind. We have been able to rectify mistakes since the war began and it is now with the people of this country to help to a nearly and satisfactory peace and to take care that they prepare before the war ends to face that other bitter and ruthless contest in trade and commerce which will follow hereafter."

Sir John Ward, New Zealand's Finance Minister, said:

"Unless the peace conditions provide for the reversion to Great Britain of those German territories particularly New Guinea and Samoa, which had been won by the blood and treasure of Australia and New Zealand, the people of those dominions would never rest content."

Prime Minister Massey said at the same time:

"New Zealand holds Samoa and means to retain it." He declared the British dominions would not feel secure if German bases were to be per-

mitted within a day or two steaming from them. "This attitude toward the German colonies will be the one taken by Australia and New Zealand in the imperial conference," he added.

In Africa the patchwork of little colonies on the West Coast, alternating between France, Portugal, England and Belgium are expected to be merged into large, connected areas, each part of an imperial domain in Africa. France in the west, England in the east and south, and Belgium and Portugal sharing in this community of interests.

BREAKS A COLD IN A FEW HOURS

First dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" relieves all grippe misery.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and squinting! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only 25 cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Don't accept a substitute.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, Feb. 23.—Haven Riley of the Harbor road entertained a number of friends at Pine on Washington's Birthday. Dinner was served at 6 o'clock after which the evening was passed enjoying music and a social way.

Earl and Harry Phillips passed Thursday in Portland.

Mrs. Wallace Culby returned to her home on Thursday after visiting relatives in Jamaica Plain, Mass., for a week.

Sherman Mitchell has installed electric lights in his home on the Harbor road.

Mrs. Lucy Weeks who has been restricted to her home by pneumonia for several weeks is now able to be out of doors and passed Wednesday with Miss E. M. Frisbee at the Parkfield hotel.

Dr. Smith of York was a recent visitor in town.

Mrs. Martha Lenfant has returned to her home in Oldtown, Me., after visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Wondrey.

The Kittery Point Branch for the French Wounded was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Edward Johnson last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Small of Somerville, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Seeger of Crockett's Neck road.

Captain and Mrs. T. Burton Hoyt quietly celebrated the 12th anniversary of their marriage on Washington's Birthday at their home.

Samuel Purbrick of Malden, Mass., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Riley at their home on the Harbor road.

The S. V. club will be entertained by Mrs. Emery Currier at a birthday party this evening.

Mrs. Oliver Frisbee was a recent visitor in town calling on friends.

Charles Billings and two sons Robert and Horace, visited relatives in North Hampton on Thursday.

Miss B. Hennessey of Boston is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Johnson.

The B. G. club will meet this evening with Miss Bertha Frisbee.

Mrs. Jacob Fletcher and daughter Geraldine have returned to their home after passing a week with her daughter, Mrs. Levi F. Barney of Jamaica Plain, Mass.

Mrs. Villa Mae visited friends in Eliot on Thursday.

Wilbur H. Randall passed Washington's Birthday with friends in Portland.

KITTERY

Kittery, Feb. 23.—A Washington's Birthday concert was given on Thursday evening at the Second Christian church. A goodly number were in attendance and the program presented was the same as given in this column on Wednesday evening, with remarks by Rev. Carl L. Nichols and Rev. John Waterworth. Special mention should be made of the second number, "The Building of the Red, White and Blue," when a complete American flag was built up before the audience.

Next Sunday evening at the vesper service at the Government street church there will be an Open Forum and the speaker will be Mrs. Marion Booth Kelley, a leading suffragette of Boston.

Kittery Grange will meet tonight at Grange hall. The Grange paper will be by Mrs. Alonzo Wilder.

Mr. Charles T. Trafton of Love Lane was a visitor in York on Thursday.

Mrs. Ralph Thompson and daughter Marjory of Pieron street returned on Wednesday from a week's visit with

CAMP ROSTERS OF NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn Dodgers—Pitchers—Ed. Apleton, Leon Cadore, Harry Cheney, Jack Coombs, W. G. Dell, R. K. Dilling, Walter Mills, Rube Marquard, Ed. Pfeffer, Sherry Smith. Catchers—John Myers, Otto Miller, J. H. Sayden, Mack Wheat. Infielders—Wenonah, Adams, George Cutshaw, Jake Daubert, Lavern Fabrique, T. W. Fitzsimmons, Gus Gutz, Lewis Malone, Fred Merkle, Mike Mooney, Ivan Olson, O. O'Mara, Janies Smyth. Outfielders—D. J. Hickman, James Johnson, H. H. Myers, Charley Stenzel, Zack Wheat. Training camp—Hot Springs, Ark. Manager—Wilbert Robinson.

Boston Braves—Pitchers—Frank Alton, Art Neiburg, George Tyger, Jess Barnes, George Davis, Thomas Hines, Bill James, D. C. Ragan, Ed Rhuebach, Cal Crum, Dick Rudolph. Catchers—Earl Blackburn, Harry Crowley, Arthur Rice, Walter Tragerres, Willard McGray. Infielders—Diley Egan, John Everly, Ed Fitzpatrick, Ed Kenotchy, Walter Maraville, J. C. Smith, John Rawlings. Outfielders—Fred Dailey, Ed Collins, Joe Connolly, Lauri Chappelle, Fred Stodgrass, Sherwood Magee, George Twombly. Training camp—Miami, Fla. Manager—George Stallings. Chicago Cubs—Pitchers—Claud Hen-

relatives in York. Captain Hayes No. 7, P. M., will meet tonight at Odd Fellows' hall.

There will be a gay rehearsal at the Second Christian church tonight. Mrs. Ray Hessey of Manchester, N. H., is passing a week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wehner of Slinson street.

Howard Langdon of Central street was a visitor in South Berwick on Thursday evening.

Martin Campbell of Newton, Mass., was the guest of his sister, Mrs. William Hessey of Offs Avenue over the

holiday.

The regular meeting of York Rebekah Lodge was held on Thursday evening. Four candidates received the Rebekah degree, and a social hour followed, the committee serving hot chocolate and fancy wafers.

A monegade ball will be held by the members of Kittery grange on Thursday evening next, at Grange hall, half of the proceeds of which will be used for charitable purposes.

Mrs. Violet Lander delightedly observed her birthday anniversary on Thursday afternoon from 2 to 4:30 o'clock at her home on Love Lane, by entertaining the Sunshine club and a few other friends. The hours were happily passed in playing Washington Birthday games, favors being awarded to the winners. Each guest was given a souvenir basket, made in the colors of red, white and blue and filled with candy and nuts and ice cream, cake and fancy cookies were served. At 4:30 the members of the club held their regular business meeting. It was a very happy celebration of Mrs. Violet's birthday and all wished her many happy returns of the day.

Mrs. Amanda Greenleaf of Boston was the guest of her sister, Misses Julia and Marion Abrams over the holiday.

J. P. Sugue has bought the Traupe estate at the entrance to the navy yard. The property covers about an acre and is one of the best locations in the town for a business block, as it is right at the entrance to the navy yard. When asked what he intended to do with it Mr. Sugue said he had not decided yet, but it was possible that he would put a business block there some time in the future.

First M. E. Church, North Kittery. Rev. H. W. Brooks, pastor; Mrs. Emily S. Petree, organist—Sunday, Feb. 25, 10:45 a. m.; morning worship with sermon by pastor; text, Hebrews 1:14; "Ministration of Angels"; 12 m., Sunday school; 7:30 p. m., praise service.

SENATOR GALLINGER ILL

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire has been confined to his home in Washington for several days on account of a severe cold. His condition today showed little improvement and it is unlikely he will be able to resume his official duties this week.



W. M. DUNCAN
And Star Cast in "Through the Wall" Tonight
at the Colonial Theatre

This Week we are Featur- ing Laundry Stoves

We are showing four sizes. They have a deep bowl above the cone, affording a free draft, and top plate is loose and can be removed to clean it. They have heating space for 7, 8 and 9 sad irons, and have two 8-inch holes for boiling purposes on top, deep ash pit, castings are smooth, and the stove is well bricked. Specially priced at \$7, \$8, \$10 and \$11. We are also showing a full line of laundry supplies, everything that is needed to equip a first class laundry.

THE SWEETSER STORE MARKET STREET

Used Cars For Sale

1916 Studebaker, 6-cyl.	\$900
1914 Buick Runabout	\$325
1915 Chalmers, 6-cyl.	\$700
1914 Jackson Roadster	\$300
1914 Cadillac	\$800
1916 Overland, 6-cyl.	\$750

PORSCHE MOTOR MART

1916 Studebaker, 6-cyl.	\$900
1914 Buick Runabout	\$325
1915 Chalmers, 6-cyl.	\$700
1914 Jackson Roadster	\$300
1914 Cadillac	\$800
1916 Overland, 6-cyl.	\$750

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Our Tailoring

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BOXING GLOVES

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PORTSMOUTH SAILOR ON TORPEDOED STEAMER

Leo Cartwright, of Crew of the Skyland, Lived Formerly in this City, Attending the Public Schools Here

The news dispatch sent out from Washington of the sinking of the Swallow steamer Skyland by a German Submarine carried the name of Leo Cartwright of Portsmouth as one of the crew which was rescued, and were landed at Tarragona, Spain. The vessel had five Americans in her crew, the four in addition to Cartwright being Burke, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Jay Lewis, Uniontown, Pa.; and Joseph Brown, Elizabeth, N. J.

The Skyland was stopped in the Mediterranean by a submarine six miles south of Tarragona, Spain, at 6 a.m., Feb. 18, Consul-General Hurst reported, and the crew was given 10 minutes to take to their boats. As the crew left the ship, soldiers from the submarine went aboard and placed a bomb which was exploded and destroyed the ship. The crew landed at Tarragona after 17 hours in their boats.

The Skyland undoubtedly is the same vessel as that reported from Paris as the Skogland, which was a young man several years ago. No members of his family are living here now and it is believed that he is the only remaining member.

FAVORABLE ACTION ON BILL TO PAY SOLDIERS

Concord, Feb. 22.—Under suspension of the rules both branches of the legislature today took final and favorable action upon the bill providing compensation of \$7 a month to the New Hampshire guardsmen who have been or who are now in service on the Mexican border. The bill as amended and which now goes to the governor and council for his signature, reads as follows:

"In recognition of their services, the sum of \$7 per month shall be paid for each and every month of service, and a proportionate sum for each part of a month, to all enlisted men of the National Guard of New Hampshire mustered into federal service in response to the call of President Wilson, June 18, 1916, who did service on the Mexican border, said services to date from mobilization at the home station or

from date of enlistment subsequent to such mobilization to the date of honorable discharge, furlough to National Guard reserve, death or mustering out of federal services.

"No money provided for in this section shall be subjected to trustee process and the money paid to each soldier shall be paid direct to him or his legal representatives.

"The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the governor and council, shall have power to prescribe such regulations and forms relating to the payment of the amount provided in section 1 as he may consider advisable."

The mistake in the phraseology of the original bill as reported by the committee on appropriations by the house was caused by changes made in the original bill by the committee.

FIVE-MINUTE TALKS BY NATIONAL LEADERS

Professor Irving Fisher of Yale University is one of the most eminent economists in the country. His specialty is the tariff on which he has done important work for the U. S. government. He is one of the leading exponents of state health insurance for workers and at the request of the International News Service he has written the following article on the subject:

Because we have a Democratic form of government we have peacefully assumed that one civilization is more advanced than others, but while we have rested complacently on our oars other nations have forged ahead of us in some very important ways.

For instance, the United States has at present the unenviable distinction of being the only great industrial na-

tion without compulsory health insurance.

Bills for health insurance, however, have been introduced into the state legislature of Massachusetts, New York and New Jersey, and delegations to consider the subject have been appointed in Massachusetts and California.

The American Association for labor legislation is waging a campaign to secure health insurance legislation.

The cordial and utmost unprecedented welcome which this movement has already received in the endorsement and approval of various organizations and individuals, in spite of the opposition of strong vested interests, and their industries and institutions of force to misrepresent and injure the movement would seem to indicate that the time for seriously considering the health insurance in the United States is ripe.

The health insurance bills in general propose the obligatory insurance of substantially all working men and women. In case of sickness the insured will receive medical or surgical service, medicines and nursing and a cash benefit amounting to two-thirds of the weekly wages of the insured for the period of illness to be six months.

Benefits are paid for at cost by the joint contributions of the insured employee, his employer and the state. The cost to the employee will average about 1 1/2 per cent of his wages.

Some people have objected to making health insurance compulsory, but in this regard workmen's health insurance is like elementary education. In order that its desirable results may be attained, it must be universal, and in order to be universal it must be obligatory. But this compulsion will be no more in limit on our liberty than is compulsory education.

Health insurance will bring not only indemnification against loss, but also diminution of the loss itself. As to indemnification, the curious and melancholy fact is that outside of workmen's compensation the workingmen in this country have made very little of the insurance principle.

Yet it is the workingman whose need first, the worker is more likely to lose of health insurance is greatest because his health than the capitalist, for it is

well known that the death rate, and therefore, the sickness rate, among the working people, is from two to three times that among the well-to-do—and second, because any loss from sickness is a far more vital matter to the laborer than to the rich man because the workman at present cannot avail himself of the necessary medical, surgical and nursing aid. When he most needs it he cannot pay for it.

As important as it is insurance against loss, it is far less important than the prevention of illness itself. According to the calculations of the National Conservation Commission, at least 42 per cent of the deaths now occurring in the U. S. are unnecessary, or over 630,000 lives could be saved annually, which would add at least 15 years to the average human life.

Health insurance is bound to afford a very powerful and persuasive stimulus to employers, employees and public men to prevent illness by the use of health-saving devices in the same way that the "workmen's compensation" insurance recently adopted in the U. S. has caused the adoption of all kinds of accident-preventing appliances.

Just as employers have installed safeguards for dangerous machinery, in order to reduce the cost of workmen's compensation, so in order to reduce the cost of health insurance, they will supply for instance better sanitation, ventilation and lighting, more physiologist hours of labor and full consideration for the special needs of employed women and children.

The employee, on the other hand, will likewise stimulate to welcome and to utilize factory hygiene and improve his own domestic hygiene.

Both employer and employee will cooperate with the general public in securing public water supply, better sewage systems, better milk, meat, and food laws, better school hygiene, more playgrounds and parks and proper regulation of liquor and other health destroying businesses.

One important effect of such attention to the health of the workman will be the prolongation of his life and especially of its earning period. Fewer workingmen will be thrown on the scrap heap in their forties with all the tragic consequences involved to their families, as well as to themselves.

Health insurance will also operate as it did in Germany, to stimulate the general scientific study of disease prevention, the future possibilities of which though unknown are surely enormous.

C. E. BREWSTER & CO. PRAISE ABBEY'S SALTS

Messrs. C. E. Brewster & Co. of Dover, N. H., are receiving thanks from their friends for telling them the value of Abbey's Salts.

Before the public many years they are the surest method of relieving and preventing Headaches, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation, and the many more serious diseases which Auto-Exfoliation brings on.

A spoonful of the granules in a glass of water taken night and morning for about a week of ten days will give you a new understanding of the delight of perfect health.

Abbey's, by the way, is packed in the new size bottle but at the same old price.

We suggest that you all at your druggist's and try a bottle of these salts.

SEVEN-LEGGED GOAT BORN IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Dunbarton, N. H., Feb. 22.—N. J. Musings, proprietor of the Dunbarton goat farm, harboring more than 1000 goats, the milk of which he converts into cheese, today sent to a Boston taxidermist the body of a new born goat which has seven legs, three ears and two horns. The animal was born yesterday and lived three hours.

The legs were distributed about the little body without regard for use. Two of the ears were in their normal places and the other was situated at the back of the head, midway between the others.

GERARD PARTY REACHES MAORID.

Madrid, Feb. 22.—James W. Gerard, former American ambassador at Berlin, and his party, arrived here this morning on their way to the United States.

The Americans were met at the station by representatives of the foreign office and by Joseph E. Willard, the American ambassador and his staff.

Farm Engines

Fairbanks-Morse
Type Z

More than rated power and a wonder at the price.

W. S. JACKSON,

11 Market Street

NOT A PARTICLE OF DANDRUFF OR A FALLING HAIR

Save your hair! Double its beauty in just a few moments.

25-cent "Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy, wavy and beautiful.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair, and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. It exhilarates, stimulates and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and straggly, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or tobacconist, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—then surely you can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

In the little town of Rockfall the women girls there are preparing to enlarge their facilities for making blankets.

Yachtmen throughout the state are getting their craft in shape to be used as patrol boats and submarine chasers. Enginers are figuring out locations for artillery placements to guard the vital points of the nation's munitions industry from attacks either by land or air and, in fact, every precaution which could be taken is fast getting into concrete shape.

Connecticut has led the country both in production of munitions and preparedness of a practical kind and the outcome of the census is watched with great interest by official Washington and the rest of the nation.

On February 16 the Governor summoned the mayors and first selectmen of every city, town and village in the state, to a conference in Hartford and a plan was outlined which resulted in the speedy execution of the Governor's plan for a military census.

Enrollment bigwigs were rushed through the state printing plant and within forty-eight hours the Governor had appointed men in each community to act as census officers.

On February 16 everything was in working order and the census was well under way. Old men, middle-aged men and even boys came forward and signed the blanks without waiting for the census takers to look them up in their homes. In some of the outlying communities the census officers made the rounds of the isolated farm houses in automobiles, signing up every available male.

As fast as the blanks are signed they are rushed to Hartford, where a corps of trained insurance auditors, with recording machines, tabulate and distribute them under the proper headings meanwhile keeping accurate account of the number received. In this way as fast as the blanks come in the count is kept up to the minute.

The system was installed and worked out within twenty-four hours after the Governor's call by a well known Hartford insurance notary, who has taken complete charge of the execution of the work.

From all parts of the country Connecticut's sons have either returned or sent for enrollment blanks. Men who have not been in their native town for years except for the holidays have of their own volition returned and signed up. Each seems anxious to do his bit to some way.

The scope of the work to be accomplished has been considerably widened. This was at first intended and the blanks have been broadened to take in any qualification which the applicant may have which would be valuable in case of war.

If a man has any serious disability he will not be taken for actual field duty, but if he has certain qualifications which do not conflict with his disability, he will be assigned to a post where he can best be used.

A knowledge of the waters adjacent to the state and of the Connecticut River from Saybrook to Hartford is also included as fit qualification for patrol work. Horsemanship, knowledge of marine and automobile engines, ability as teamsters, or drillmasters and, in fact, every non-combatant trade, are fully covered by the census.

Factories are quickly being surveyed for war. Machinery placed in reserve is being set up. Plans for quick building of additions to warehouses

and docks are ready to be carried out at a moment's notice.

Railroad bridges in Connecticut on the through line from Boston to New York are heavily guarded by militiamen. All big railroad shipping points are swarming with augmented forces of railroad detectives and armed guards. The strategic value of the railroad route from New York through Bridgeport, New Haven, Middletown and Willimantic is obvious. The entire line is under constant surveillance and extra rolling stock is being assembled in the yards at New Haven, to be used when needed.

The shore line route from New York to Boston, passing through New London, opens up a port at the latter point which can, within a very short time, be made one of the greatest in the East. Extra docks could be erected and the harbor dredged for war purposes.

The huge munitions plants of Bridgeport, New Haven and Waterbury are, as in the past, under heavy guard. Private police forces maintained by the corporations owning the plants are showing unusual activity. No one is allowed to come anywhere near the grounds of the concerns without first being stopped and searched by the guards.

Connecticut considers herself the arsenal of the nation and it is fully alive to its responsibilities. Bridgeport, for instance, produces cartridges, fuses, shell cases, artillery, rifles and many tools necessary to the manufacture of munitions of all kinds.

New Haven turns out practically the same line of goods as Bridgeport. Hartford is the home of factories which turn out automatic revolvers, machine guns, rapid fire guns, gun-making machinery, and the city also houses the state arsenal.

New Britain turns out all sorts of machinery, shell cases, fuse cases, saddlery, etc., while in Middletown a great plant is running day and night making cartridge belts, bolsters and uniform cloth for the United States army exclusively.

In the little town of Rockfall the women girls there are preparing to enlarge their facilities for making blankets.

Yachtmens throughout the state are getting their craft in shape to be used as patrol boats and submarine chasers. Enginers are figuring out locations for artillery placements to guard the vital points of the nation's munitions industry from attacks either by land or air and, in fact, every precaution which could be taken is fast getting into concrete shape.

Upstate other features were offered including a cushion and fancy work sale, the melting pot, the display of war relics and souvenirs, the fortelling and silhouettes, under the direction of these committees:

Melting Pot—Mrs. F. A. Holden. Cushions—Mrs. Charles W. Gray. Mrs. Arthur Locke, Mrs. Clinton Taylor.

Fortuna Telling—Miss Mary Ferguson.

War Souvenirs—Miss Jaruys.

Silhouettes—Miss Helen Tilton.

The melting pot was a large pot hung in the center of the room into which old articles of silver and other jewelry, old coins, and much of the current coins of the country, were thrown by those attending. Just the value of these articles was not obtainable last evening by the committee reported that the sum will likely be very large. Many of the articles were converted into cash before the evening was over and the bazaar closed for the night, visitors gladly paying generous sums for many of these old pieces of jewelry.

OUR SALE IS A

REAL SALE

Our Daily Depreciation Sale Articles Found Ready Purchasers

Commencing Feb. 17, the following will be put on sale at a depreciation of 50c per day till sold.

\$26.50 Combination Book Case and Desk, reduced to \$19.75

\$25.00 Gilt Folding Bed and Mattress, reduced to \$17.50

\$14.50 Brass Consumer, reduced to \$10.50

Depreciation to Start at Reduced Prices.

Visit Our 25th Anniversary Sale and Save Money.

100 27x54 in. \$1.75 Rugs, at 98c each.

Portsmouth Furniture Co., Cor. Deer and Vaughan Streets

Near B. & M. Depot.

Pelree; assistants, the Misses Louise Blaisdell, Gertrude Lockwood, Isadore Luce.

Ice Cream—Mrs. Horace Parker, Mrs. James Pringle, Mrs. Ella Peyster; servers, the Misses Edna Boyd, Louise Butler, Yvonne Raynes.

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The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 1 cent a copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

Editorial—28 | Business—37



Portsmouth, N. H., Friday, February 23, 1917.

Headed the Right Way.

People who would like to see all branches of the government business conducted on business principles will heartily endorse the effort of the National Civil Service Reform League to have presidential postmasters placed under the civil service. Such a step is provided for by the Poindexter amendment to the legislative appropriation bill, and the movement is earnestly advocated by members of commercial organizations, granges and civic bodies in all parts of the country. President Wilson and Postmaster General Burleson are in favor of the proposed change, and the league has received letters from many prominent men in all parts of the United States promising to do all in their power to bring it about. Of course, the matter rests with Congress, but the backing the proposition is receiving from men whose opinions and judgment carry weight should make it easy for that body to proceed with a reform which would be welcomed by all classes excepting the politicians and office seekers who serve their country for what they can get out of it.

Much would be gained by placing the postmasters of the large offices under civil service, as the smaller ones now are. It would take the postoffice out of politics, in which it has no proper place. The work of the postoffices should be business and not politics, and a postmaster's tenure should depend upon the way in which he handles his work, and not upon the ticket he happens to vote.

The result of civil service in the postoffices would be better service for the public and the removal of a big load of responsibility and worry from the shoulders of the president and congressmen. Under the present system a change in all of the important postoffices follows a change of administration, not because the business of the offices calls for it, but because the appointments are regarded as plums to be distributed among the faithful. And as the "faithful" always outnumber the plums there is invariably more or less hard feeling after the distribution has been made, no matter by which party.

There is room for improvement in this field, and it is safe to believe it will come in time, if not now. The popular demand is for better business methods in the business of government, all the way from the national capital down to the smallest city, and the demand is one that must eventually be heeded. And no single stroke would go further toward satisfying this demand than the complete removal of the postoffices from the field of politics.

In some of the western states sleighs are made as wide as wagons and automobiles in order that all vehicles may fit the same track when there is snow on the ground. Increasing the width to such an extent must make a sleigh seem a little awkward at first, but under present conditions the idea seems sensible. The automobile has become too important as a road vehicle to be laid aside in winter, and the widening of sleighs appears to be the most practical solution of the winter road question in sections where there is liable to be much snow.

According to recent reports, more damage has been done in the South this winter by the freezing of crops and fruits than in the North by the freezing of water pipes. But northern consumers will have to pay the damage done in the South, while the southerners will not share the expense of mending the water pipes. It will not, however, be worth while for Congress to undertake to make a sectional issue of this matter.

Steps have been taken by the Federal Reserve Board to protect any member bank on which a run may be made as a result of the war scare. It is not probable that there will be many, if any, such runs, but at this exciting time "preparedness" is in order, in banking as in other fields, consequently the step taken is in accord with prudence.

In addition to their natural aroma onions bear a strong smell of money just now. They are selling at prices never heard of before; a carload having been sent out of an onion growing town a few days ago that brought \$3,750. At this rate an onion breath should soon become a mark of proud distinction.

Reports from educational centers are to the effect that a much smaller proportion of the students are entering the ministry than was formerly the case. And yet when there is a vacancy in a desirable pulpit there is no lack of candidates.

When the railroads are busy business is always good, and when they are too busy it is as good as it can be under the circumstances. And those are the conditions under which the country is laboring today.

If this country is to have trouble let it be hoped that General Hysteria will not be placed in command.

Editorial Comment

The "Yellow," Anyway

(From the Baltimore Star, Rep.) The Philadelphia North American calls Mr. Bryan the "Yellow Peril," but we take exceptions to giving him the dignified position accorded a "peril."

Angina—A Materialistic View.

(From the New York Herald) Every now and then some well known man, as in the case of General Funston, dies suddenly, the cause of death being declared to have been angina pectoris, and all persons above the age of fifty feel an interest in the disease. The term only means "anguish of the chest," or "breast pang" in the good old-fashioned English of long ago, because of the most prominent symptom of the affection, which is severe pain in the region of the heart. This occurs as a consequence of narrowing of the arteries of the heart muscle—arterio-sclerosis of the heart, as it is called. The narrowed arteries spasmodically contract with severe pain as a result.

Attacks of this kind occur in the pro-posed, particularly in association with sudden muscular efforts, and especially after meals, when a full stomach may mechanically interfere to some extent with the normal heart movements. General Funston lifted a child, had a spasm of pain, and then all was over.

There is probably very little that can be done in these cases to prevent the fatal issue, or even put it off with any assurance. Moderation in all things is the one all-important prescription. Solitude over it probably will only hasten the end. Two of the greatest physicians of modern times, one of them a very distinguished heart specialist, refused to take the advice of brother physicians which practically would have made invalids of them. One of them said he would rather have the active life of the salmon than the hundred years of slow existence of the turtle. Both of those men died of angina pectoris, but not until each had accomplished a magnificent life work. Both faced death as calmly as the soldier faces it—as every man must learn to take it, for life is a dangerous thing at best and none of us get out of it alive.

Do They Represent?

(From the New York World) Chicago and Philadelphia share the satisfaction of being represented in the House by pro-German propagandists like James R. Mann and J. Hampton Moore.

Devotees of the Dollar

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger) Patriotism is wholly a matter of the pocket nerve with the National Association of Manufacturers, which has just issued a bulletin deprecating subversion to U-boat warfare, but in the same breath practically expressing a hope that it may be effective because the ruin of the trade of the Allies would open to Americans rich markets all over the world. In other words, these men care nothing for the great principles at issue, they have no sympathy with those who are fighting for them; all they care for is a chance to grab more money. Such despicably selfish greed is at shortsighted as it is disgusting. How long would it be, if Germany starved the Allies into submission, before she attacked the United States, which she now hates hardly less than England? Where would the rich markets be then? If we held them at all it would be only after a long and costly war. This is, of course, a purely material argument, but it is probably the only kind that will appeal to men who are willing to forget every consideration of humanity for the sake of piling up more dollars. If on mature reflection they are not ashamed of themselves, they may rest assured that the American people are ashamed of them.

Papers Not Hired to Urge War

(From the San Francisco Chronicle) The present House of Representatives doubtless contains more silly men than any of its predecessors, and a couple of them have risen to remark that twenty-six "leading newspaper men" of the country have been "bought" by the manufacturers of war material to shout for an entrance of this country into the war.

The Chronicle whose attitude toward war has been as near that of the pacifists as self-respect and patriotic sentiment has permitted, may discuss this subject from a strictly neutral standpoint and does not hesitate to declare that it would be impossible to "buy" the influence of any important paper on any grave national issue—or any issue, if it were a paper of any standing. Nor is there the slightest cause for suspicion that any producer of war material would wish to engage in such a transaction or would not do all in his power to keep the country out of war.

Human nature has many weaknesses. There are bad men in the world. But on the issues of great national moment and especially on questions of life and death, the good that is in us asserts itself. We rise above all sordid or even personal considerations and stand ready to sacrifice all that we have and all that we are on the altar of our country.

There are those whose reflections would lead them to the utmost verge

of sacrifice to prevent war. There are those whose impulses would carry them into war on the slightest provocation.

But they are moved in such crises by what they consider best for their country or for humanity. All important newspapers reflect the views or the feeling of a large constituency. If they did not they would not be important newspapers. Those who conduct such papers become very earnest in the defense of those views, as all do not become active in any cause. But they cannot be bought.

For one thing, the owners of important papers are not poor men. They are in a position to enjoy the luxury of independence, which is perhaps the most comforting of all luxuries. Whoever sells himself becomes a slave, and strong men do not accept slavery.

There is no surer evidence of a petty mind, and the ignorance and helplessness which characterize such minds, than the habit of imagining that all who do not agree with them have been "bought."

No newspaper has been hired to urge war. Nobody has tried to hire one.

The Aroostook Profit

(From the Boston Herald) Writes a citizen of Aroostook, not a farmer but a professional man, to a member of the Herald staff: "I suppose the cities are rather sore because we are getting ten times as much for potatoes as it costs us to raise them, and that sort of thing may lead to government regulation of food prices—or worse. But everybody's doing it, and Aroostook is surely making up for the lean years." With potatoes actually costing far more in our cities than they cost in England and Germany, a good many hard-pressed consumers are indeed "sore" at the Aroostook prosperity, and are more and more inclined to see more than the law of supply and demand in the situation.

A few years ago it was the common thing for Maine farmers to reckon that they could raise potatoes for 25 cents a bushel. That included not only cost of fertilizer and labor, but also allowance for wastage and for interest on land, taxes and so forth. That meant a comfortable profit when the potatoes were sold at a dollar a barrel. The increased cost of labor and fertilizer has upset that reckoning somewhat, but the cost has by no means been doubled. And the four and five dollars a barrel Aroostook farmers have been getting for their potatoes at the local stations this winter has of late been soaring higher still, and there remains transportation, handling and two or three profits before the consumer gets the potatoes.

Aroostook, with millions and millions of bushels to sell, in addition to the filled storerooms that go up in flames, is indeed making a profit that is unwholesome and sinister, even though it falls short of the thousand per cent that our Aroostook friend indicates. The immediate effect is hardship for the city consumer, but in the long run it may prove to have been a bad thing for Aroostook agriculture. But, unhappily, it is a manifestation of the spirit of these turbulent and trying times. Unhappily it is true that "everybody's doing it."

The gravest kind of menace appears in the situation," the premier declared. "The government hopes to deal effectively with the situation but we would be guilty of the worst kind of folly if we rested tranquilly on the ultimate realization of these hopes. We must have action and we will have to deal ruthlessly with the problem of the tonnage question. We are short of shipbottoms and the government, at the beginning of the war, loaned more than one million tons of shipbottoms to France."

He continued by saying: "If the most drastic means are not taken at once the nation faces disaster. We must find ships for the transportation of iron ore at all costs, which is necessary for the carrying on of the war."

He said that enormous sacrifices must be made by the English people if they hoped for ultimate triumph, but that he believed the Britons would remain staunch, bearing bravely the new hardships without complaint. He said that the people could not hope for the looked for victory until the submarine menace was wiped out. In

announcing the government's policy, the premier said that the importation of coffee, sugar and cocoons would be absolutely prohibited and the importation of oranges, bananas and nuts would be largely restricted. All imports of luxuries would be cut. Landlords in the rural districts would be prohibited from raising rents and the price of wheat and other food stuffs had been fixed by the government.

To prevent raises in the food prices the government had forbidden anyone to speculate in food prices and severe penalties have been provided for offenders.

Imports of meats have been cut to a great extent and the importation of canned salmon is cut one-half.

The premier made no effort to minimize the seriousness of the food situation in England which shortage is caused only by the strict submarine war now being waged. "The submarine warfare has resulted in the present food shortage," he declared. Continuing he said: "The empire must meet the situation and effect it as much as possible."

Shipping has been hard hit in Great Britain and we must make up this loss by building more ships or reserving the present tonnage for the transportation of the necessities only." He stated that in addition to the tonnage loaned to France, British ships had been also loaned to Russia and Italy before the war and their loss was being felt. The premier announced that a minimum wage law was in effect for farm labor, being placed at 25 shillings, (approximately \$8.25.) This is an attempt to encourage agriculture, especially in the raising of the necessities.

The custom has been for years to display the flag as half staff on the death of a subscriber, or a male resident of the South End. If we now have a custodian, a reprimand is in order or perhaps the efficient officers elected July 4, 1913, are at fault. Somebody should explain.

A SUBSCRIBER TO THE POLE AND FLAGS.

of sacrifice to prevent war. There are those whose impulses would carry them into war on the slightest provocation.

But they are moved in such crises by what they consider best for their country or for humanity. All important newspapers reflect the views or the feeling of a large constituency. If they did not they would not be important newspapers. Those who conduct such papers become very earnest in the defense of those views, as all do not become active in any cause. But they cannot be bought.

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CURRENT OPINION

Remedy for High Prices Is National Bureau to Control Food Supply.

MODIFIES HIS SUNDAY BASE BALL MEASURE

Now in the Hands of the Committee on Revision of Statutes.

Concord, Feb. 23—Representative William B. McKay's bill known as the Sunday baseball bill has apparently made a great deal of headway in the estimation of the members of the legislature within the last few days, and it appears that it is going to receive a great deal of support. Representative McKay has changed the reading of the bill somewhat from what it was when first introduced and placed it in the hands of the committee on revision of statutes. As amended, Mr. McKay's bill reads as follows:

"Section 1, amendment, Section 3 of Chapter 271 of the Public Statutes by adding at the end thereof the following: 'Provided, however, that the citizens of towns and city governments, or city may grant permission for the playing of amateur games of health, health giving recreation, at which no admission is directly or indirectly charged, and shall be played at places outside the compact parts of the cities and towns and not within 1000 feet of any church or other house of worship; no the said section as amended shall read as follows:

"Section 3. No person shall do any work, haulage or labor of his peculiar calling to the disturbance of others on the first day of the week, commonly called the Lord's Day, except work of necessity and mercy, and the making of necessary repairs upon mills and factories which could not be made otherwise, without loss to operatives, and no person shall engage in any play, game or sport on that day, provided, however, that civic men of towns and city governments of cities may grant permission for the playing of amateur games of health giving recreation, at which no admission is directly or indirectly charged, and which shall be played at places outside of the compact part of cities and towns and not within 1000 feet of any church or other house of worship."

NO OFFICIALS TO BLAME FOR LEAK

Rules Committee Finds Lawyer's Charges Not Substantiated.

Washington, Feb. 23—Vindication of all public officials, whose names were brought into the investigation of charges that there was a leak to Wall Street on President Wilson's peace note was voted unanimously yesterday by the House rules committee. The report, now virtually complete, probably will be put in final shape Saturday, after certain additional records of New York brokers have been examined. It is understood that the committee finds that Thomas W. Lawson's sensational charges were not substantiated, that R. W. Bell, brother-in-law of the President, had nothing to do with the "leak" and that advance information concerning the note was furnished to brokers by J. Fred Bassett and W. W. Price, local newspapermen, who connected deductions with facts obtained in conversations with other reporters who had been told in confidence by Secretary Lansing that a note was coming.

In connection with violations of newspaper ethics, the report says, a sub-committee has been appointed to confer with the standing committee of corporations to determine what changes shall be made in the rules regulating the admission to the congressional press galleries.

No recommendations are made, but the practice of selling short on the New York exchange is said to be criticized. F. A. Connolly, a local broker, is censured for his testimony before the committee and E. F. Ilston & Co., for failing to produce copies of all messages concerning the note, which reached its office.

ADDRESS MUST BE CORRECT

Postmaster Dowd has received a letter from the first assistant postmaster general notifying him to advise the patrons of the office that complete and accurate addresses are essential to the prompt delivery of mail and that they should co-operate with the post office department to the extent of seeing that all mail originated by them bears a street and number in addition to the name of the city and state. Hereafter all mail not bearing street and number shall be stamped, "Delivery delayed" or "no account of incomplete address."

Not Too Proud to Fight

(From the Boston Transcript)

Hats off to Mary Washington—she raised her boy to be a soldier.

NAVY NOTES

Captain Rush Asks for Big Navy

Cheers greeted Captain William Rees Rush, commandant of the Charlestown

Naval Station.

STEAMSHIPS BRAVE DANGER OF WAR ZONE

Two Trans-Atlantic Liners
Leave New York With
Both Munitions and
Passengers.

(Special to The Herald)

New York, Feb. 23.—Two trans-Atlantic liners carrying munitions and passengers sailed today for Europe to pass through the buried war zone.

They were the Guglielmo Verdi, an Italian liner for Genoa and Naples and the Cunard liner Carpathia, bound to Liverpool.

The passenger lists of both vessels were withheld and it is not known whether there were Americans aboard or not.

Both vessels offer rich prizes for U-boats operating in the buried war zone.

ABOUT TIME IT WAS DECIDED.

Deputy Secretary of State Howard Philiberry, who was appointed master to pass upon the vote for sheriff of Hillsborough County, announced on Thursday that the inspection of the ballots would be resumed, today, and would be completed this week. The ballots of some of the towns were gone over last Monday, but nothing further has been done, owing to the need of committee rooms by legislative committees.

WANTED—Man to drive team; no drunkards need apply. Cook Farm, Kittery Junction, Me. \$123, if

Ex-Mayer George J. Foster of Dover was a visitor here on Friday.

PORTSMOUTH FISH CO. TELEPHONE 760

During the Lenten Season we shall
keep constantly on hand
The Best of

Cod,
Haddock, Halibut,
Smelts,
Oysters, Clams,
Salt Mackerel,
Salt Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Slack Salted Pollock and
Codfish.



PORTSMOUTH AND KITTERY TOLL BRIDGE.

(From the Boston Herald)

LEGISLATORS THE GUESTS OF LOCAL CITIZENS

(Continued from Page 1).

Franklin ship house where a view of the submarine L-8, the first and only boat of this description built by the government, was inspected.

The visitors were shown over the U. S. detention ship Southery by Chief Boatswain Hill and at the naval prison Col. Harry Lee, U. S. M. C., afforded the party an excellent chance for inspection. The dry dock and the Pence Conference building also proved of great interest. The return to this city was made shortly before 12 o'clock and the visitors were at once taken to the Rockingham and treated to a buffet lunch provided by Senator Page. The ladies of the party, who numbered about 80, lunched in the Colonial dining room. The remainder of the afternoon was passed in various forms of sight seeing. Some of the visitors availed themselves of the courtesy of the management of the Colonial theatre and enjoyed the pictures and excellent singing of the Lotus quartet. Others viewed the many historic houses and points of interest for which New Hampshire's only seaport is noted.

Senator Page, entertained his colleagues at his residence on Middle street.

The visitors all expressed a keen appreciation of the unusual opportunity to visit the navy yard and inspect the submarine in process of building as

well as the many courtesies extended them by Senator Page during their stay in this city.

NOTES OF THE RECEPTION

Senator Page gave a reception to many of the senators and their wives at his home after the sight seeing tour.

Manager Dudley of the Rockingham served a most bountiful buffet lunch to over three hundred.

Books of Portsmouth containing history of the bridge were distributed.

Commandant W. L. Howard placed steamers at the disposal of the party.

Albert S. Hislop had charge of the carriages and other conveyances which he provided.

The Elks Home contained a large party during the afternoon and this was upon invitation of Exalted Ruler James W. Barrett.

Chief Boatswain W. L. Hill personally conducted the party over the prison ship.

Some one hundred and fifty of the visitors heard the Lotus Quartet at the Colonial.

Many of the ladies visited the historic buildings.

W. F. Harrington entertained over a hundred at the Portsmouth Brewery.

President F. M. Sibley, F. W. Hartford, F. A. Gray, N. H. Beane, J. G. Sweetser, E. L. Downs, R. L. Costello, representing the Chamber of Commerce, met the party at the station.

OLYMPIA THEATRE NOTES

A beautiful woman appeals to the eye; a good woman appeals to the heart. One is a jewel, the other a treasure.

How far short men fall from equaling their pretensions? Do they always know, themselves, what they are? The film industry is worth \$100,000,000 today.

What started the inordinate demand for high-salaried stars in motion pictures. Was it initially due to the producer or the exhibitor?

A little reflection will reveal the large motion picture public is responsible. They like this actor or that actress, and they have demanded that their local theatre show the pictures in which they appeared.

And this and that actor and actress have been "played up" by the producing companies for all they were worth and a great deal more.

As a consequence the business is top heavy, and unless ruinous competition is soon succeeded by a hearty co-operation among the producers for the good of all, there will be a topple.

But that would not be the end of the motion picture. Oh, no!

A great reformation in production, distribution and exhibition would follow, and the moving picture would go steadily toward its goal.

Our unusual and extraordinary program for Friday and Saturday is headed by "The Sin Ye Do," a Triangle picture with Frank Keenan supported by Margery Wilson and Margaret Thompson.

In a recent private showing of this picture before the critics, no such praise for a Triangle play was displayed in weeks.

Keenan has the role of a lawyer and he does the best work of his career. It is a picture that must be seen to be appreciated.

The fourth episode of "Pairin" with Mrs. Vernon Castle entitled "Double Crossed" is the second play on the bill. In this episode Mrs. Castle plays a dual role in many of the scenes she appears in herself.

The Bluebird picture is "The Right to Be Happy," with Rupert Julian. It is an elaborate picturization of Dickens' "A Christmas Carol."

Come early tonight—the first show at 7 sharp, the second at 9.

SMITH-HUGHES BILL SIGNED.

Washington, Feb. 23.—President Wilson today signed the Smith-Hughes vocational-educational bill, which provides for federal aid to the states to promote training in agriculture, trade, household economics and the industrial sciences.

LOST—Inner part of mallet from auto truck. Finder return to J. O'Leary, 175 State street. \$123,1w

Read the Want Ad.

Monday, Tuesday Only!

AS OUT OF DATE AS HORSE CARS

Says corn rings, plasters, razor
and eating salves are
taboo now.

Cool things should be passed along. It is now said that a few drops of a drug called frozen applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness and soon the entire corn, root and all, can be lifted out without pain.

For little cost a quarter of an ounce of frozen can be obtained from any drug store, which is claimed to be sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

This is a drug recently announced from Cincinnati. It is grayish but dries the moment it is applied and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the healthy tissue of the skin.

Cut this out and lay it on your wife's dresser.

People + you know.

Stone Decatur passed the holiday in this city.

Miss Souter of Boston is visiting her home in Newcastle.

Frederic Gooding of Boston passed the holiday in this city.

Pete S. Wendell of Pleasant street is restricted to his home by a severe cold.

E. J. Ryder of the Boston & Maine R. R. was a visitor here on Friday.

Miss Bertha Dennis, who has been quite ill with rheumatism is now convalescent.

Mrs. Frances Wendell is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Woodbury Langdon of this city.

Arthur W. Horton has returned from Portland where he attended the automobile show.

Rev. Chellis V. Smith of Plaistow, chaplain of the New Hampshire legislature was here on Friday.

Col. Michael Crowley of Boston passed the holiday in this city and was warmly greeted by friends.

Mrs. Fred Merritt of Manchester is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant of Cabot street.

Mrs. Gladys Cobb of Portland, Me. is the guest of her cousin, Miss Janet Delano of Northwest street.

Ex-Mayor Robert E. Burle of Newburyport and a party of friends were visitors here on the holiday.

Miss Starkpole of the local high school teaching force is passing the week-end in Somerville, Mass.

Miss Dorothy Thayer with a guest, Miss Mary Pfeiffer of Simmons, are passing a few days in this city.

Representative Roy C. Horne and wife of Rochester paid the Herald office a pleasant visit on Friday.

Miss Hazel Cate, Miss Knowles and Miss Simmonds attended the K. of P. ball in Dover on Thursday evening.

Mr. W. J. Carter has joined Mr. F. H. Ward at Sea Breeze, Florida, and will return to this city in about ten days.

The many friends of James H. Dow of Chapel street will be sorry to learn that he is restricted to his bed by illness.

Phillips Badger of New Hampshire college passed the holiday with his parents, ex-Mayor and Mrs. Daniel W. Badger.

Dame W. Baker of Exeter was here on Thursday in attendance at the meeting of the Pascataqua Congregational club.

County Commissioner George A. Carlisle of Exeter was here on Friday to attend the weekly session of the commissioners.

Ex-Postmaster E. G. Cole of Hampton was here on Thursday to attend the meeting of the Pascataqua Congregational club.

Joseph Philbrick, a former resident of this city has enlisted in the navy and has been sent to the training station at Newport.

Dr. Harry Goodall of Boston was in town on Thursday, called here for consultation regarding the serious illness of William D. Parsons.

Miss Stratford Marvin and guest are passing a few days with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William O. Marvin of Middle street.

Harold Dearborn of Concord passed the holiday in this city as the guest of his father, George A. Dearborn of the Internal Revenue office.

Mrs. John Latham who has been passing two weeks in New York as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Hudson, is expected home on Saturday.

Editor Edward H. Thomas of the Farmington News and wife, were here on Friday to participate in the legislative trip to the Portsmouth navy yard.

Word was received here on Thursday of the death of George Perkins at his home in Newark, N. J. He leaves a widow, who was Mrs. Fred H. Haraden, nee Gundall, of this city.

Mrs. Gay Smart and children Richard and Robert who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Gay Smart of Vaughan street for the past two weeks, returned to their home in North Conway on Thursday.

Miss Louise French of Damariscotta with her roommate, are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. French of this city. They attended the Washington Birthday dance in Exeter on Thursday evening.

New Titles that are now

Selling at 60c

Books That Originally Sold at \$1.35.

"The Lone Star Ranger" by Zane Grey.

"The Sealed Valley," by Hulbert Footner.

"The River," by Edna Aiken.

"The Harbor," by Ernest Poole.

"The Turnoil," by Booth Tarkington.

"Keeping Up With Lizzie," by Irving Bacheller.

"I Accuse!" by a German.

"The Man of Iron," by Richard Deben.

"The Spur of Danger," by C. C. Hitchins.

"Little Sir Gallahad," by Phoebe Gray.

And Over 400 Other Titles to Choose From.

L. E. STAPLES, Market St.

FOUR MORE VESSELS SUNK

(Special to The Herald)

London, Feb. 23.—The sinking of four more British vessels was reported today. Lloyd's reported the sinking of the steamer Wathfield, and two fishing smacks, while from Queenstown it was reported that the sailing vessel Invercraig had been sunk off the coast. The Invercraig was last reported as sailing from Gulfport, Tex., for Fleetwood, England, on Dec. 31.

These four ships sunk bring the

total for British vessels up to 131 ships since the beginning of the new submarine warfare by Germany on Feb. 1, and the total tonnage sunk is more than 255,500. The report of the sinking of the British steamer John Miles was confirmed today.

Nothing Like Leather

(From the New York World)
Shoemakers, who used to say "There's nothing like leather" are agreeing that cork, canvas and rubber are just as good, now that there is nothing like leather in sight.

Read the Want Ad.

Showing of New Spring Suits & Coats

Just received from some
of the leading New York
Manufacturers at special
low prices.

Many are Samples.
No two alike.

Will be glad
to show
them to you
and have you
try them on



The Siegel Store Co.,

Phone 620.

57 Market Street
THE STORE OF QUALITY FOR THE PEOPLE.

REVIVAL

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH, HANOVER ST.

Evangelist Ida Lake Dow with Miss Ruby Sweetser, soloist. Will begin Sunday, Feb. 25th, and continue over three Sundays and the evenings between, except Saturday. Sunday services—10.30 and 7.15. Weekdays—7.30 p. m. Straight, clean-cut messages; live, inspiring singing. To hear them once, is to come again.

YOU ARE INVITED! COME, COME, COME.

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK FOOD RIOTS

Critical Situation Causes Speeding-Up of Federal Grand Jury and Congress--Plots Suspected in Boston

New riots in protest against the increased prices of foodstuffs were reported from two cities--New York and Philadelphia. In both places the demonstrations were led by women of the poorer classes.

Babies and small children were numerous in the crowds.

In Philadelphia several stores were entered by the women.

At Washington 10 representatives in a letter to members of the House demanded an investigation by the federal trade commission of the food situation.

Although the holiday, with its closing of stores, brought a lull in many of the people's activities in connection with the food situation, plans were going forward yesterday for the official state and federal action demanded in the demonstration of the past few days. So acute has the situation become that U. S. District Attorney Anderson of Boston has decided upon a special session of the federal grand jury, to begin today, and Governor McCall of Massachusetts stated that Congress and the legislatures should act at once.

"We are in a state of war, so far as prices are concerned," asserted the Governor, and pointed out that we are paying \$4.20 a bushel for potatoes here, while in Great Britain, harassed by war and with its food supplies supervised by a controller, the price for the same vegetable is only \$1.90 a bushel.

Anderson Sees Extortion Scheme.

The federal grand jury will be called to determine whether the recent unheard of advances in the prices of necessities result from any violations of the anti-trust laws. "The public prices of the last few days are undoubtedly partly due to schemes of extortion which ought to be punishable by some law, state or federal," said the district attorney.

500 Cars of Foodstuffs Due in New York.

Five hundred carloads of foodstuffs are due in New York city today, coming from the west, and these are expected to relieve the situation to a great extent. They will contain meats, potatoes, and poultry. Railroadmen declared that the congestion of the freight yards is being gradually broken up and that it will be but a few days before trainloads of foodstuffs will be pouring into the eastern cities which will result in a complete dispensing of the shortage.

Armed His Crew Against Food "Mob."

Hearing that food riots had occurred in Boston, Capt. Smith of the schooner Carrie E. Hirtle, which arrived at Boston yesterday, armed the members of his crew so that the "mob" would not invade his ship and steal the 5000 bushels of potatoes which the vessel brought from Halifax, N. S.

The potatoes cost \$1.00 at Halifax and with freight of 30 cents and duty 15 cents they stand \$2.05 a bushel. They will bring \$3.75 or more. The vessel tied up in the Fitchburg basin at the North end.

Guard Sugar Plant After Fatal Riot.

The whole section of Philadelphia in the vicinity of the Franklin Sugar Refining Company's plant was under heavy police guard yesterday following a riot that amounted to practically a

pitched battle of Wednesday. One man was killed, several others were so severely injured that they may die, and many were hurt.

Mrs. Florence Shoddy, 32, was arrested and is held under \$1500 bail on the charge of inciting a riot.

The section of the city where the fighting occurred is guarded by reserve police, and mounted police from all parts of the city are concentrated there to prevent further outbreaks.

Trouble was anticipated when the negro strike-breakers in the sugar refinery returned to work.

HAVE ROSY CHEEKS AND FEEL FRESH AS A DAISY--TRY THIS!

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact, to feel your best, day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a tea-spoonful of limestone phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanse, sweetens and refreshes the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, cold stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is yellow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.

GOLD MONEY FROM BERNSTORFF PARTY

BRITISH GOVERNMENT DECLARES IT CONTRABAND AND EXCHANGES IT FOR SILVER AND PAPER.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 22.—Government officials announced today that they expect to finish the examination of the passengers and cargo of the steamer Frederik VIII, on which Count von

A NAME does not make GOOD whiskey, but YOU WILL BUY GOOD WHISKEY

If you order by the name

BONNIE RYE

EVERY SWALLOW MAKES A FRIEND.

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros., at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell, Wholesale Distributor.

For Sale by O. W. PRIEST, JOSEPH SACCOC, HENRY P. PAYNE, CITY BOTTLING WORKS, 135 Penhallow St.

MATTHEW JACQUES, Vaughan Street.

FOGARTY & SCHRIEDER, Ladd Street.

Full Qt. \$1.00 Full Pint, 50c. 1/2 Pint, 25c.

Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, and a party of consular agents are returning home, within three days. Gold, which was found in the possession of some of the passengers and classed as contraband was exchanged today for other money of equal value.

One of the German embassy on the steamer is reported to have 200 suits of pajamas in his possession.

In the baggage of nearly all the other members of the former ambassador's party, cotton goods known to be scarce in Germany are plentiful, the customs inspectors have discovered.

In view of the close association between cotton and explosives, it is understood the examiners will take some of the excess clothing from the Germans and make an allowance for it.

Customs guards who are kept on the ship so as to avoid any possibility of messages being taken ashore are themselves kept under surveillance by secret service agents and are forbidden to converse with passengers.

PORTSMOUTH AND CONCORD PLAY MAY 19

HIGH SCHOOL BASEBALL SCHEDULES BEING ARRANGED FOR THE 1917 SEASON BY THE MANAGERS

Portsmouth High and Concord High baseball teams will clash for the first time of the season at Concord on May 19. Manager Robert O'Brien of Concord High announced his schedule yesterday. Several of the games will be played at Manchester and Manchester and Concord high clash in two games, one in each city. Concord's season will open on First Day at Concord against Franklin High. The schedule, as announced by the manager, follows:

April 19, Franklin High at Concord; April 21, St. Joseph High at Concord; April 23, Tilton seminary at Tilton; May 5, St. Anselm's seconds at Concord; May 12, Portsmouth High at Concord; May 19, Franklin High at Franklin; May 23, Nashua High at Nashua; May 26, St. Joseph's High at Manchester; May 30, Manchester High at Manchester; June 2, Manchester High at Concord; June 6, Nashua High at Concord; June 8, open. Manager O'Brien would like to hear from a team which could play the local aggregation on the last named date.

EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

YOU CAN BRING BACK COLOR AND LUSTRE WITH SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, besides it's done so naturally and evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-made-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and after another application or two your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound and look years' younger. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisile and not a medomine. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation, or prevention of disease.

Dyspepsia is America's curse. To restore digestion, normal weight, good health and purify the blood, use Burdock Root Bitters. Sold at all drug stores. Price, \$1.00.

Telephone 598 for FINEST COLLAR WORK in New England.

We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and Guarantee to "Make Good."

CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY Pleasant Street.

VIA RAIL & BOAT BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK \$255

OUTSIDE STATEHOODS, \$1.00 Steel Steamships GEORGIA AND TENNESSEE Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 19, East River, N. Y. Improved Service—Tel. Main 1742. City Nickel Office, 338 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

CONGREGATIONAL CLUB IN ANNUAL MEETING THURSDAY

OFFICERS ELECTED OF THE PASCATAQUA CONGREGATIONAL CLUB FOR ENSUING YEAR.—ADDRESS BY MR. JUMP OF MANCHESTER.

ed his forces for a rush and in Jan. 1793, his chance came. He crossed the Wail and the Meuse on the ice, and conquered Holland without a battle. To lend a picturesque touch to the affair, the cavalry captured Dutch ships which had been frozen in.

Holland will take no chances with an enemy more dangerous and far more merciless than Pichegru. She will wait for warm weather before resuming, have with words, the campaign of underwater butchery which is working for more havoc with her than with the British empire at which it is aimed.—From the Chenglo Journal.

LITTLE ACTION ON WAR FRONTS

German Raiding Parties Are Thrown Back Near Roodepoort.

Small engagements by raiding parties and reciprocal bombardments which are of considerable intensity at various points are still going on in the war theatres. Nowhere has a big engagement taken place.

The Germans in Belgium near Roodepoort and in France east of Vermelles and south of Neuvechappelle made thrusts with raiding parties against the Entente lines, but according to both Paris and London, they were repulsed with losses.

Berlin reports that near Armentieres the British entered German positions but later were driven out leaving 200 dead in the trenches in addition to 39 men made prisoners. Spirited artillery activity continues on the Verdun sector at the Cote du Polyle.

The repulse of small Russian attacks in the lake Naroy region of Russia, successful raids by the Germans in Galicia near Zloczoff, where 250 Russians were made prisoners and small attacks in the wooded Carpathians with the advantage resting with the Austro-Germans are told in the official communiques. In the latter region, however, Petrograd claims a repulse by the Russians of the Teutonic Allies near Dorna Watra.

In Rumania a heavy snow storm is halting operations.

Considerable artillery activity continues on the Macedonian front, where also the French raiding operations are being carried out.

The latest reports from London and Paris show that vessels of an aggregate tonnage of more than 21,000 have been sent to the bottom by submarines or mines. The vessels sunk were four British steamers and a trawler, one Russian steamer and one Swedish, one Dutch and one Norwegian steamer. The Swedish steamer had several Americans on board. All of them and the remainder of the crew were rescued.

Nominating committee, Rev. R. A. Goodwin of Atkinson, Jackson M. Hoyt of Newington, Miss Mattie O. Barrell of York, Me., and Mrs. H. J. Durgin of Eliot, Me.

Outlook committee, Rev. Edwin L. Robie, D. D., of Greenland, Professor Clarence W. Scott of Durham, Frank E. Leavitt of Portsmouth, Howard G. Lane of Hampton, and Dr. F. E. Whiting of Rochester.

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POLICE HUNT SLAYERS OF STORE MAN

ROBBERS KILL ANOTHER ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COMPANY MANAGER.—TWO MEN ARE HELD BY THE POLICE AS SUSPECTS.

That broken cylinder, piece of machinery, casting, forging, etc.—no matter what it is—can undoubtedly be made whole and sound with our oxygen-acetylene welding. Bear in mind, our welding isn't "sticking" the parts together—it fuses them into a strong, durable whole. It's a pleasure to answer questions.

G. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSE SHOEING AND JOBBING



Now is an opportune time to place your order for a monument or tablet that you contemplate having erected before Memorial Day. Remember we have the only plant in this section equipped for the manufacture of granite. We keep a large stock of monuments and tablets on hand for your inspection and we are prepared to make monuments from any special design if you so desire.

FRED C. SMALLEY
COPPER STATE AND WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H., opp. City Hall.

STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.

If your Car needs repairs let me estimate the expense of overhaul.

Quick Service and Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.

A First-Class Service Station.
44 Hanover St.

FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor.

Tel. 622W.

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renewed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

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129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103

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FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order, Guaranteed.
A Full Line of Shoe Findings,
Laces, Arches, Polishes, Buttons,
etc.

875 State St.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

DECORATIONS

FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS
FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS

R. CAPSTICK

ROGERS STREET

Highest Price PAID FOR

WOOL

of all kinds including Goat's Wool.

Joseph Noone Sons Co.,
Albert W. Noone, Prop.
PETERBOROUGH, N. H.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Medical Aid for Prostrated
Fever, Cold and Grippe.

PILLS in Red and Gold metal
tubes, sealed with Silver.

Dispensed after the Chemist's
Prescription.

DIAMOND BRAND—
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

POLICE HUNT SLAYERS OF STORE MAN

ROBBERS KILL ANOTHER ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COMPANY MANAGER.—TWO MEN ARE HELD BY THE POLICE AS SUSPECTS.

Boston, Feb. 22.—With two men already in custody, suspected of being members of the gang of gunmen who last night shot to death Manager Ordway R. Hall in his Atlantic & Pacific company's store at 821 Washington street, Dorchester, then robbed the cash till of \$15 and made their escape in an automobile, the police of Greater Boston today began a search for the robbers.

The shooting of Manager Hall last night and the robbery of the till corresponded exactly with the acts of the two men who, on Saturday night, murdered Edward T. Foley, manager of the Atlantic & Pacific store at 36 Blue Hill avenue. Police are convinced that the two murders and robberies were done by the same gang of gunmen. They believe one of the gang hung about a store for several days, acquainting himself with the position of the cash register and with the movements of the manager, gazing at the Blue Hill avenue store a man was seen peering through the windows apparently sizing up the place. It is believed the same will be reported from the Dorchester store, and it is hoped that in this way the men may be recognized and made to pay the penalty for their crimes.

Shortly after the murder last night the mystery deepened with the arrest by officers of the Dudley street station of a man who was suspected of having had a hand in the affair Saturday night. Police have no proof of guilt of Quinley Suspect.

One of the suspects was taken at Quinley. The police have no conclusive proof of his guilt. Some time today, Leo McCarthy of 12 Bayley street, Dorchester, a boy employed by Hall, who saw the robbers, will try to identify the other suspect.

Last night's murder and robbery was amazingly bold. The men stopped

Planning a House

You want the lighting to be correct in every detail, for you will spend most of your life with it. No building can be considered modern until it includes a complete house-piping system.

DAYLIGHT AND GASLIGHT
ARE BEST FOR THE EYES.

Ask Us About Our FREE Housepiping Proposition.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO., ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE.

their automobile in front of 825 Washington street, the shop of Mishan Kilbushian, and leaving their driver in the machine, went in for some cigarettes.

Two men then went to the tea store one entering, the other standing at the door.

"Have you any flour?" said the first to Hall.

"No, I haven't," said Hall.

"Then take this," said the bandit. He shot the manager through the heart.

The gunman leaped over the counter took the \$15 the register contained, all of the same sort that has operated to make a fool of the United States, in much that it has done since Germany began her aggressions against us.

Undoubtedly a great many people and not the poorest alone, have felt the pinch of the recent food shortage with fantastic prices for certain necessities. Every possible public means should be taken to break the congestion, to release whatever supplies may be available. The people may as well make up their minds that they cannot get certain articles at all—potatoes, for instance. After a year in which forty-four per cent less than the usual crop of potatoes was produced in the United States, the supply of these tubers has virtually given out. No supply is available from any foreign country. But potatoes are not a necessary of life. There is plenty to eat without them. We may even look for a scarcity of them for a long time to come, for potatoes are propagated only by planting the tuber itself, or a part of it, and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or side headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the kidneys often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts

from any pharmacy; take a table-spoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salt is made from the acids of grapes and lemon juice combined with lithium, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithium water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

The situation is not one to grow hysterical about. Indeed, it should be a part of the duty of all citizens and all public servants to keep their heads in the emergency. That is a good way to support the government in the contest with influences which are plotting to injure the United States. For that reason, we believe that Governor McCullough has been unwise in suggesting

the regulation of food prices by Congress or by the Commonwealth. This is distinctly a suggestion in the line of embargo. It may yet be necessary, if the country should go to war, to have a food dictatorship, but it is not necessary now. The governor says that in

Great Britain the price of potatos has been fixed at \$1.90 a bushel, whereas the price in Boston is \$1.20 a bushel.

Does he think that an enforced price of \$1.00 a bushel would increase the supply of potatoes in this market?

Would it make potatoes where they do not exist? There would not be a pound more of them, and if the people have to go without them now, they would soon go without them then just the same, for the lowered price would exhaust the whole supply at once. It would relieve the general situation much better if, instead of virtually advocating an embargo, the governor would put through the Legislature a thoroughgoing endorsement of the President in his maintenance of the public interest against the German blockade and the German general aggression which is stimulating this psychological fanning for a political effect. We suggest as a model the resolutions adopted by the Boston Chamber of Commerce and we invite his attention to this direction.

Recent Crimes by Bandits in Boston

Jan. 20.—Man posing as collector got \$1,600 from store of John T. Connor

Company, 3608 Tremont street, Roxbury, escaped.

Feb. 17.—Three yergs shot and killed Edward T. Foley, manager of Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company store, Blue Hill avenue, and got safely away with \$300.

Feb. 18.—Ralph Clarro of Mattapan, robbed by three armed men on River street, Mattapan, Robbers escaped.

Feb. 21.—Orway Hall, manager of Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company store, Washington street, Dorchester, shot and killed and cash register emptied.

Getting Up a Famine for German Profit.

(From the Boston Transcript)

The food-shortage agitation in New

York, Philadelphia and Boston is tak-

ing on the aspect of a psychological

farce, super-imposed, for a political

and perhaps a German purpose. Nobo-

doubt that there has been a short-

age or rather an interruption of the

supply, but there is abundance of food-

stuffs in the country, and they can be

furnished to the people without any

particular difficulty. The somewhat

excitable population of the East Side

in New York can easily be induced to

not over any grievance or fancied

grievance whatever—over regulations

requiring the removal of garbage cans

or other encumbrances from fire-escapes, over the discontinuance of car

transfers at some particular corner, or

over an increase in the price of veg-

etables.

The mob demonstrations at the New

York City Hall, and the meetings on

the subject of food prices in various

halls, conducted in German or a dia-

lect of that language, have been turned

into a demonstration against the

United States Government and against

the business interests of the country.

Whether organized and stimulated for

that purpose or not, they make an ex-

cellent pendant to the German propa-

ganda, for they tend to intimidate the

people and their public representatives

from taking a strong and patriotic

stand in defense of American rights,

and to promote the adoption of an em-

bargo on shipments to the countries of

the Entente Alliance which would

advances toward Calhoun's daughter.

NAVAL RECRUITING SHOWS BIG

GAIN.

Washington, Feb. 22.—A net gain of

113 new recruits have been added to

the navy in the last 20 days compared

with a total net gain for the whole of

January of approximately the same

number. The full enlisted strength has

now reached a total of 58,000. Appor-

ations are available for a strength

of 74,500.

NEGRO SLAYER GETS HALF-

HOUR JAIL SENTENCE.

Mansfield, La., Feb. 22.—E. L. Cal-

houn today served what probably was

the shortest sentence for murder on re-

cord. He spent 30 minutes in jail. He

was sentenced to the half-hour Im-

prisonment on conviction of killing

Greek Columbus, who made improper

advances toward Calhoun's daughter.

J. M. GRIFFIN & SON

Portsmouth, N. H.

Parliament

Street

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

ONE NICE, LARGE OFFICE, WELL

LIT UP AND HEATED, HERALD AND

CHRONICLE BUILDING. ENQUIRIES

AT HERALD OFFICE.

TO LET

ONE NICE, LARGE OFFICE, WELL

LIT UP AND HEATED, HERALD AND

CHRONICLE BUILDING. ENQUIRIES</

North Church, Sunday, 7.30 P. M.

Speaker—Prof. Harry F. Ward, of Boston.

Subject—"The Revolutionary Nature of Christianity."

Prof. Ward discusses Social and Industrial Conditions with great frankness and from wide knowledge. As a speaker he is in great demand. He should have a wide hearing on a most timely and important subject.

SOUTH ELIOT

The eleven o'clock whist club met at the home of Mr. William Leach on Wednesday evening. There were four tables in play. The ladies' first prize was won by Mrs. W. P. Eldridge, and

THE STORE OF FABRICS

Wool, Silk, Cotton, Linen

Special showing of Fine Printed Voiles, Wool Suiting and Velour Coatings, Fancy Silks for Suits and Waists.

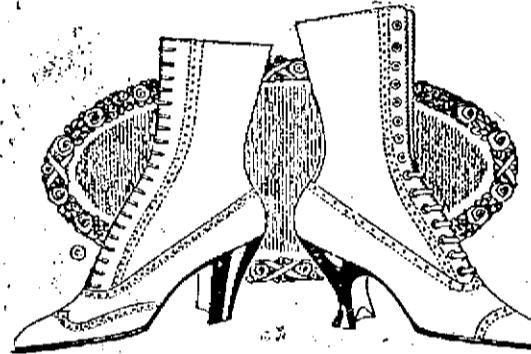
Spring Season's Display of

GINGHAMs and PERCALES

The D. F. Borthwick Store

FRANK W. KNIGHT
SHOE TALKS

10 Market Sq. "Shoes of Quality." Portsmouth.



ADVANCE SPRING STYLES

Individuality is the key-note of the Spring modes. The diversity of styles, the many clever color combinations, give ample choice for individual selection. Our stock embraces all that is new and artistic, as well as practical styles, styles, in both lace and button boots. Built on graceful lines, they give the arch a beautiful curve and fit to perfection. Two-tones and solid color effects, to wear with the Spring Costume.

OLYMPIA
THEATRE
FRIDAY and SATURDAY
THE WONDER SHOW OF THE CITY.

FRANK KEENAN

SUPPORTED BY MARGERY WILSON in

"The Sin Ye Do."

A Triangle Kay Bee Masterpiece—A Thomas Ince Production.
A GRIPPING, THUNDERING PLAY.

"There's a girl in the Tombs accused of murder, and I am going to defend her. That girl is my daughter. Grant me the time for her defense, and I will make any reparation that you demand. This I promise, so help me God!" Frank Keenan says that. The picture will tell you why.

The critics, after seeing an advance exhibition of this production, all agreed that it is one of the strongest Triangle plays ever released. Will be screened, tonight at 7.00 and 9.00. Saturday, 2.45, 6.30 and 8.30.

MRS. VERNON CASTLE

In the 4th Great Episode

"PATRIA"

Mrs. Vernon Castle in Two Distinct Roles.

Bluebird presents Rupert Julian in "The Right to Be Happy." A perfect Bluebird entertainment based on Dickens' "A Christmas Carol."

Tonight at 7.00 and 9.00. Saturday at 2.00, 6.30 and 8.30.

MATINEES 10c and 5c EVENINGS 15c, 10c, 5c

HERE'S CHANCE
TO HELP THE
PEOPLERent Them Unoccupied City
Land for Planting Purposes
to Meet High Cost of
Living.

Here is an opportunity for the city council to show that they are out for the interests of the people and not for politics. Every city council is more or less active in helping the people to forget the high cost of living and none of them have a better chance than Portsmouth.

The city has 29 acres of land idle on the old city farm, more on the Sherburne road, several acres at the Plains and on the Bunker road and Sagamore avenue.

Why not plow this land and rent it for a small sum to the poor people of this city. Let them have a certain amount where they could engage in farming on a small scale and raise enough vegetables during the summer to put a crimp in the high cost of farm products next winter. By such an arrangement the city would get a revenue for the land and the people would be greatly benefitted. It seems that the industrious people would make no hesitation in taking a temporary lease of the city land. Anyhow, the matter is worth the consideration of the city fathers. Let's see what can be done.

THE HERALD HEARS

That Portsmouth sent a large delegation to the horse race at Dover on Thursday.

That they were well repaid for going to see the racers.

That the same cannot be said of the boxing match held in that city, at which there were one hundred or more local sports.

That no such exhibitions could be pulled off in Portsmouth where the spectators want something for their money.

That it is plain to all who know the situation that the new buildings asked for by the county commissioners at Brentwood are highly needed, and the necessary appropriation should be allowed.

That those who poke fun at women's fashions do not realize that the same makes a lot of money for those who need the money.

That the telephone company is to string another lot of copper wire along the Boston and Maine tracks between Boston and this city.

That Jess Willard, the heavyweight champion, has signed up to travel with a circus.

That his contract stipulates that he can quit the circus on three weeks' notice in case a match for him is arranged.

That it is hoped that Jess will be in better humor if the circus ever comes to Portsmouth, than he was on the last exhibition when the Elks planned to entertain him.

That the same old trifl is with us—fish scarce, and prices soaring on the eve of Lent.

That it is to be a good place for ten cent store.

That one-eyed men have been called to arms in Europe.

That it ought to be a good place for from the fact that they don't have to shut the other eye.

That the Boston and Maine took off one switching crew in the local yard during the holiday.

That everybody is telling us that the prices are going higher.

That the people would like to give the glad hand to some one who will inform us that the prices are going to be lower.

BID FOR LOAN
IS AWARDED

Bids for the \$75,000 loan in anticipation of the 1917 taxes were opened at the city treasurer's office today and included the following:

Portsmouth Trust and Guarantee Company, \$496.

Merrill Oldham Company, Boston, \$84.

Strafford National Bank, Dover, \$87.

Pleasanton Savings Bank, \$35.

S. N. Bond and Company, New York, \$4.

Farmer's Loan and Trust Company, \$4.

The bid was awarded to the Portsmouth Trust and Guarantee Company.

ENTERTAINED BY
MRS. MARSHALL

The members of the Old Ladies' Circle were pleasantly entertained on Wednesday afternoon and evening by Mrs. Lillian Marshall of McNabb's Court, about thirty being present. In the afternoon the members devoted the time to sewing for the sale to be held the latter part of March. Afterwards a

business meeting was held. Supper was served at 6 o'clock, the menu consisting of baked beans, brown bread and white bread, salads, pickles, assorted cake, fancy pies and jellies. In the evening those present were pleasantly entertained with piano and violin selections.

LOCAL DASHES

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch Tel. 133.

Rain or snow is predicted for to-night.

Kohler trucks, C. E. Woods, Bow St.

The holiday was one of the quietest in the history of the city.

Try Parva's ice cream this week and become a regular customer. Tel. 29.

The Park Store, opp. Goodwin Park, is open evenings. Come in.

Maraschino chocolate covered cherries for Saturday, only 39c box at Parva.

Lobsters and fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. D. Johnson & Sons, Tel. 245.

Special bargains for Saturday at The Remond Store, 250 State street, opp. postoffice.

February discount sale at Margeson Bros. this month, 10, 25, 33-1-3 per cent discount.

The board of county commissioners held their regular weekly session at their office in the county building on Friday.

M. Schwartz, the Philadelphia Tailor has returned from New York with a large line of new woolens and the latest thing in styles.

For a short time only custom suits to order at a substantial reduction. Detmar woolens, 500 patterns to select from, style and workmanship the best. Kaufman, the tailor, cor. Market and Bow streets.

The annual report to the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company just issued gives the following lists of subscribers in the following cities:

Manchester, 7,491; Nashua, 3,570; Concord, 3,388; Portsmouth, 3,193; Keene, 1,910; Dover, 1,772.

AT MUGRIDGE'S

Good steak, 20c; fresh beef tongues, 25c lb; fresh pig shoulders, 20c; fresh pigs' heads; fresh pigs' feet, 12c; pigs' liver; bacon (small pieces), 22c lb; salted sparers, 12c lb; smoked beef tongues (for boiling), 25c lb; ox lips (for boiling), 14c lb; hoghead cheese; pork scraps, mixed salt pork (not fat), 6c lb lots, 18c lb; best sirloin steak, 30c lb; not roast beef, 17c lb; broken macaroni (full pound), 9c; rolled rib roast of beef, 18c lb; mixed cookies, 2 lbs 25c; home made chili sauce, 1-2 pint jar, 10c; best butterballs, 22c; salt mackerel, tongues and sounds; salt eels and herring; hamburg steak, 17c lb.

CATERER'S MARKET,
37 DANIEL ST., TEL. 120.

Rib roast beef, 18c to 25c lb.

Sirloin roasts, 28c lb.

Top of round steak, 32c lb.

2 Large cans spinach, 25c.

3 Cans condensed milk, 25c.

3 Cans string beans, 25c.

3 Bottles onion salad, 25c.

2 lbs evaporated apricots, 25c.

Evaporated peaches, 10c lb.

Eve Foss' onion extract, 25c bottle, for flavoring soups, etc.

Try our high grade butterine, 28c lb.

Also egg plants, sweet potatoes, celery and lettuce, parsnips at Cater's Market.

CANDY SALE

Bass' Candy Department.

Marshmallow fudge, regular 50c lb;

special for Saturday 39c lb. Also our

40c chocolates, 38c every Saturday in

the year. This candy is fresh and

high class in every respect and the

reason of this sale is merely to give

our customers the opportunity of tak-

ing home a box of the delicious sweets

for Sunday eating. Be sure to get

yours. Bass' Drug Store, O. J. Allen's successor.

GIRLS' CLUB NOTES.

There will be an auction party for

ladies and gentlemen on Monday even-

ing, Feb. 25, 7-45, at the Club house.

Those having tables are asked to bring

their own cards. The admission of 35c

includes refreshments. Candy will be

on sale. Anyone desiring a table

should notify Miss Goodwin before

Monday morning.

SPECIAL FOR THE LADIES.

For the remainder of this month

only I will make to measure the lat-

est style skirts for \$1.50 up. M.

Schwartz, the Philadelphia tailor, 179

Congress street, opposite the Public

Library.

PUTTING IN ELECTRIC WORK

N. J. Groves with a crew of electrical

workers is engaged in installing the

electric lighting equipment in the

New Echo hotel at Hampton. The

work is being done under contract.

QUEST NIGHT AT
GRAFFORT CLUB

The annual guest night of the Graffort Club held on Wednesday evening called out a large attendance of members and with their guests one of the prettiest parties of the season resulted. Pierce hall was well filled and the evening was made to pass pleasantly.

Mr. Edwin W. Whitney's reading of

"The Fortune Hunter" was interesting and well done.

Some pleasing vocal solos were ren-

dered by Mrs. Thornton Weeks accom-

panied by Miss Marshall on the piano.

Refreshments were served consisting

of ice cream, fancy cakes, hot coffee,

candies, etc.

The ladies who served were Mrs. P.

F. Belden, Mrs. Herbert L. Taylor, Miss

Morrison, Miss Mildred, Mrs. Ray

Foye, Mrs. C. E. Walker.

Refreshments were served consisting

of ice cream, fancy cakes, hot coffee,

candies, etc.

Following the law, City Clerk Mc-

Donough assisted by City Messenger